



## At Berry's.

Some people are always looking in the wrong direction—looking up when they ought to be looking down—or looking out when they should be looking in.

Now, if you'll look out for our ad. and look in at our stock you will be the gainer.

Fancy Vests, \$3.50 to \$6.  
Fancy Shirts, 75c. to \$2.

HUNTING, RIDING, We've a large and attractive stock of these goods.

Knee Boots, for hunting, grain leather, lace front and sides \$5.00

A perfect fitting Shoe is appreciated by all. That's just the way with our Enamel Box Calf Tans.

Boys' School Shoes, \$2.00, sizes 2 1/2 to 5 1/2—a perfect Shoe.

**O. H. Berry & Co.,**  
Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

## TRADE SITUATION.

STRENGTH OF PRICES STILL THE LEADING FEATURE.

WARM WEATHER RESTRICTS BUSINESS.

Less Than Ordinary Interruption.

Noted as Result of the Sections—Strength of Textiles Further Accentuated During the Week.

NEW YORK, November 10.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say:

Strength in prices, a natural outcome of the past and present active demand, is still the leading feature of the trade situation, notwithstanding that unseasonably warm weather in some sections of the country tends to restrict retail distributive trade, and necessarily exercises some effect upon orders from and collections by jobbers. Less than ordinary interruption is indicated by election-day observances. The strength of textiles, both raw and manufactured, has been further accentuated during the week, increases being noted in raw cotton, wool, and hemp.

The strength of textiles, oil, and miscellaneous products was calculated to offset the weakness and irregularity in metals, not including iron and steel, however, cereals, and other food products.

COTTON.

Raw cotton advanced easily this week, on an appearance of better buying by foreign consumers, induced by reports of a shortage of foreign supply, and a moderate active domestic demand from the manufacturers. Realizing that the market was irregular, and even excitement, to this staple. Wool has been equally strong, though transactions are smaller, and a moderate gain in prices is to be noted, while from the manufactured goods branch come reports of confident strength, and of probable further advances in men's wear goods and carpets.

Cereals appear to have reached a high level, with prices showing little or no change. The bulk of wheat finds expansion in Bradstreet's statistics of the month of over 17,000 bushels, compared with 15,000 bushels in the month of September. A slight advance in corn is also noted.

CORN.

Corn is steady, notwithstanding liberal estimates of yield, and largely owing to the readiness of foreign buying at competitive prices. Accumulate that shoe manufacturers and jobbers are meeting with success in securing recently advanced prices. Hides and leather are advanced prices. Hides and leather are advanced prices. Hides and leather are advanced prices.

IRON AND STEEL.

In iron and steel there is rather more irregularity noted. Active demand on railroad orders has induced an advance in prices of steel bars of \$5 per ton, but steel billets are lower. There is a heavy volume of business reported in pig-iron for late 1899 delivery, and that pig-iron is quoted at \$10.00 per ton. Blast furnace statistics for October point to a further increase in production, but stocks again show a decrease, pointing to consumption of steel. The market is quiet, and iron is rather weak.

In hardware, both heavy and light sorts are active in the West, but the East is not so favorable.

High prices are turning away export business in finished products, but imports show little, if any, expansion.

GRAIN EXPORTS.

Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week, 4,500,000 bushels, against 4,000,000 bushels last week, a gain of 500,000 bushels. The export of wheat for the week, 4,500,000 bushels, against 4,000,000 bushels last week, a gain of 500,000 bushels.

Since July 1st, this season, the exports of wheat aggregate 7,500,000 bushels, against 7,000,000 bushels last year, and 7,000,000 bushels in 1897-98.

Corn exports for the week, 4,500,000 bushels, against 4,000,000 bushels last week, a gain of 500,000 bushels.

Since July 1st, this season, the exports of corn aggregate 8,500,000 bushels, against 8,000,000 bushels last year, and 8,000,000 bushels in 1897-98.

Business failures in the Dominion of Canada number 23, as against 21 last week, 20 this week a year ago, 23 in 1897, 41 in 1896, and 45 in 1895.

BACKED BY STRONG SYNDICATE.

The New Telephone Company Incorporated with \$300,000.000 Capital.

(Washington Post.)

TRENTON, N. J., November 8.—Articles of incorporation were filed with the Secretary of State this evening of the Telephone, Telegraph, and Cable Company of America, with an authorized capital of \$300,000.000. This company is authorized to do a general telephone and telegraph business. The incorporators are William J. Letta and Martin Maloney, of Philadelphia, and James E. Hayes, of Camden, N. J.

The articles were filed by Mr. Hayes himself, who is an attorney for the Whitney-Widener-Kline syndicate, and it is understood this syndicate is behind the company, which is organized to super-

## statement that four out of five precincts in Lancaster went for Wellford is incorrect.

There are eight precincts here, four of which Wellford carried by small majorities, the remainder being carried by Pinckard with large majorities, giving Pinckard a total majority of 82 in the county.

The returns from Richmond county show Wellford a total of 67 votes, being nearly the whole vote, Pinckard being credited with only 6 votes in the entire county.

Wellford wins in the district by 210 majority.

JAMES CITY.

The Joint School Building—Williamsburg Notes.

WILLIAMSBURG, VA., November 10.—(Special.)—The joint school building, being erected near Wellford Depot by the school boards of Jamestown and Bruton districts is nearing completion, and the school trustees hope to open the school at this place, certainly by the first of next month, with Mr. John H. Leath, former of Petersburg, now a resident of James City, in charge.

Miss C. V. Hensley, of England, arrived this morning to visit her sister, Mrs. Charles E. Bishop. Miss Hensley sailed October 28th from London, on the Atlantic transport liner Mesaba, and only reached New York yesterday, being four days overdue. On the same steamer were Mrs. Smith and daughter, of this place, who are returning from a lengthy stay in Europe. They will not be home for several weeks yet.

Mrs. Hartwell Mason left yesterday to spend some time with friends in Richmond and in Hanover.

Miss Marion Jones has as her guest her friend, Miss Elizabeth Hobson, of Richmond.

Dr. Charles Brock, for several years of the medical staff at the Eastern State Hospital, stopped over yesterday, en route for Norfolk, to visit his friends, all of whom were delighted to see him looking so well. Dr. Brock is now connected with the Chesapeake and Ohio Hospital, at Clifton Forge.

Mrs. Morecock and daughter, Miss Agnes, were to return this evening from a visit to friends and relatives in and near Washington. Miss Patti Morecock, who has also been in the city during the week, will not return at present, having been quite sick for the past week or ten days.

Miss Mollie Galt has gotten home from a visit to Richmond.

Mr. Jennie Christian is in Hampton, visiting her mother, Mr. Hodges Christian, who is connected with the Old Point and Newport News electric line.

Mrs. Lane was looked for at home this evening from a visit to Baltimore and Norfolk. She will be accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Lamb, of Norfolk.

FIRE IN DANVILLE.

A Tobacco-Factory Partially Burned—The Loss.

DANVILLE, VA., November 10.—(Special.)—The factory of F. X. Burton & Co., leaf-tobacco exporters on Bridge street, was partially destroyed by fire early this morning. The drying- and bolting-rooms, where the fire originated, were burned, and the fourth floor and roof of the building were destroyed. The stock, which consisted of nearly 200,000 pounds of leaf, most in bulk or bogshead, was badly damaged by fire, smoke, and water. The firemen, by six hours' work, saved the rest of the building. The building, which was valued at \$100,000, was insured for \$100,000. The loss on stock was about \$25,000, fully covered by insurance.

Mrs. Towns, wife of Hon. William T. Towns, former Consul General to Brazil, and now in Norfolk, is in the city. A physician was summoned from this city.

Clarence Brooks (colored) died to-day from injuries sustained by being struck by a street car.

Supreme Court of Appeals.

Flick vs. Stauffer. Argued by D. C. Westenhaver for plaintiff in error and by A. W. Patterson and H. D. Flood for defendant. The court is in session at 10 o'clock.

Cady vs. Straus. Argued by B. T. Crump for plaintiff in error, and continued until Monday.

The next case to be called are Rowe's Administrator vs. Hardy; Virginia and North Carolina Wheel Company vs. Railway Company vs. Jennings, Nos. 4, 5, and 6 on the argument docket.

WIFE-MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Terrible Double Crime of a Pennsylvania Hotel-keeper.

ALLENTOWN, PA., November 10.—A sensational murder and suicide occurred here this morning, when George W. Kern, proprietor of the Hotel Mecca, shot and instantly killed his wife and himself. The pair had not been living together for the past three months, owing to Kern's ill-treatment of his wife.

Mrs. Kern was employed in a laundry, and when she was called to her work this morning she went to her work her husband followed her and stood on the rear platform, displaying a revolver. When Mrs. Kern observed him she ran screaming from the front door of the car, and sought the protection of a neighbor. The neighbor who had just finished work on the night shift. Kern hastened after her and twice pulled the trigger of the pistol, but the weapon failed to discharge.

The husband then dragged his wife into his hotel, and, barricading the door with his body, fired full view of the crowd, shot her dead. He ran into another room and there killed himself. Kern was 38 years old and his wife 29.

PUBLIC EXECUTION.

Jeyner, the Dongola (N. C.) Murderer Hanged.

GREENVILLE, N. C., November 10.—(Special.)—Eljah Jeyner, the Dongola murderer, was hanged to-day in the presence of 5,000 people. The drop fell at 11:35 A. M. Life was extinct in twelve minutes; the body was cut down in twenty minutes. The neck was broken in about 20 minutes. The execution was without mishap. The condemned man made a statement on the gallows that he alone was guilty of the crime, and if others were punished for it the punishment would fall on innocent parties. Numerous questions were asked him, but he refused to answer the matter further, but he firmly adhered to the statement that he alone was guilty.

WELL DEFINED.

The Small-Pox in Charlotte, North Carolina.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., November 10.—(Special.)—It was discovered to-day that Ed. Hagler, editor of a negro newspaper here, had a well-defined case of small-pox, which he contracted, it is said, in Norfolk. The house has been quarantined, and is hoped the disease can be kept in bounds, though it is not known how many people Hagler has come in contact with.

Service Runaway Accident.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., November 10.—(Special.)—While Mr. Wilson, a prominent citizen, was driving this afternoon on north Tryon street, his horse ran away and threw out of the carriage all three of its occupants—Mr. Wilson and Mrs. Landrum Brown. Miss Birdie was badly injured. She was to have been married next week, and the wedding having been already issued.

RICHMOND AND LANCASTER.

Another Account of the Result of That Election.

(Correspondence of the Dispatch.)

IRVINGTON, VA., November 8.—The report from Warsaw of the election in Lancaster and Richmond counties is unfair. Thomas A. Pinckard was not an independent Democratic candidate nor was he the leader of the party. The State-at-large knows that no nomination could be effected in these two counties. The

## STOCKS AND BONDS.

LIQUIDATION ON A LARGE SCALE IN WALL STREET.

MONEY OUTLOOK STILL DOMINATING.

Call Rate Opens at 13 and Runs Up to 15—Another Surprise Possible in To-Day's Bank Statement—Produce Markets.

NEW YORK, November 10.—The early part of the day in the stock market was given over to continuance of the throw-over of stock holdings which was in evidence yesterday. The liquidation was on a large scale, and embraced all departments of the list. The more highly speculative industrialists showed the widest changes, but the selling of the standard railroad stocks was fully equal in amount.

There was no stock or group of stocks which took a conspicuous place apart from the rest. It might be said that the iron and steel stocks were relatively somewhat firmer than the general list. The same might be said of Northern Pacific and Union Pacific.

Declines at the low point exceeded a point for many of the railroad stocks, and in a few cases reached upwards of 2 points. Leather, after a break of 5 points, rallied somewhat, and retired into the back of the market. The transactions in the day were small for the remainder of the day. Sugar and Manhattan were rather weaker, but rallied with considerable vigor. The latter part of the day was given over to a gradual and very general recovery. The early decline on a much diminished volume of trading.

MONEY OUTLOOK.

Most of the leading railroad stocks rallied a large fraction and a number of the specialties of the day. The transactions in the money outlook continued to dominate sentiment on the Stock Exchange. The banks continued to be strong on large amounts of money for call money opening at 13 and running up to 15 per cent. Large amounts of stocks were sold on margin, and the market was upon the market. After each successive period of liquidation the market fell into a condition of semi-stagnation.

On the afternoon of the day for call money dropped off as low as 3 per cent, and a demand for stocks developed which was not met. The market was in a closing lull. The usual preliminary estimates of the week's cash movements showed a deficit, rather than had been estimated, though the loss to the Sub-Treasury of \$3,000,000 was up to anticipated.

The money rate in the day served to quieten the market, and the bank statement would show an increase in the deficit. The loan contraction during the week has been large. The transactions in the money outlook continued to dominate sentiment on the Stock Exchange. The banks continued to be strong on large amounts of money for call money opening at 13 and running up to 15 per cent. Large amounts of stocks were sold on margin, and the market was upon the market. After each successive period of liquidation the market fell into a condition of semi-stagnation.

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## NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Closing.

American Steel Hoop	44
American Steel Hoop, preferred	44
American Steel and Wire	44
American Steel and Wire, preferred	20 1/2
American Tin Plate	20 1/2
American Tin Plate, preferred	20 1/2
American Tobacco	13 1/2
American Tobacco, preferred	13 1/2
Anaconda Mining Company	85 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	65 1/2
Colorado Fuel and Iron	65 1/2
Continental Tobacco	21 1/2
Continental Tobacco, pref.	21 1/2
Federal Steel	70 1/2
Federal Steel, preferred	70 1/2
General Electric	47
Glucose Sugar	47
Glucose Sugar, preferred	47
International Paper, preferred	63 1/2
Laclede Gas	77 1/2
National Lead	25 1/2
National Lead, preferred	25 1/2
National Steel	43 1/2
National Steel, preferred	43 1/2
New York Air Brakes	17 1/2
North American	105 1/2
Pacific Coast, 1st preferred	81
Pacific Coast, 2d preferred	81
Pacific Mail	11 1/2
People's Gas	11 1/2
Pressed Steel Car	65
Pressed Steel Car, preferred	125
Pullman Palace Car	125
Pullman Palace Car, preferred	125
Standard Rope and Twine	105 1/2
Sugar	105 1/2
Sugar, preferred	105 1/2
Tennessee Coal and Iron	105 1/2
United States Steel	105 1/2
United States Leather, preferred	47
United States Rubber, preferred	47
Western Union	
Western Union, Steel, pref.	
Republic Iron and Steel, pref.	